10707 Deep Learning

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Representation Learning for Reading Comprehension

Reading Comprehension

• **Disclaimer**: Some of the material and slides for this lecture were borrowed from Bhuwan Dhingra's talk.

Reading Comprehension

Document:

"...arrested Illinois governor **Rod Blagojevich** and his chief of staff John Harris on corruption charges ... included **Blogojevich** allegedly conspiring to sell or trade the senate seat left vacant by President-elect Barack Obama..."

Query:

"President-elect Barack Obama said Tuesday he was not aware of alleged corruption by **X** who was arrested on charges of trying to sell Obama's senate seat."

Find X.

Answer:

Rod Blagojevich

Reading Comprehension

TASK:

Given a document query pair (d,q) find $a \in A$ which answers q

- $\succ d$ is a document
- ightharpoonup q is a question over the contents of that document
- \triangleright a is the answer to this query
- The answer comes from a fixed vocabulary A.
 - \blacktriangleright A might consist of all tokens / spans of tokens in the document d (Extractive Question Answering)
- Question Answering / Information Extraction
- Test for text representation models
 - A better representation can help answer more questions

Approach -- Supervised Learning

$$\mathcal{D} = \{(d, q, a)\}_{i=1}^{N}$$

Dataset

$$Pr(c|d,q) = f_{\theta}(d,q,c) \quad \forall \quad c \in A \quad {
m Model}_{ ext{ ineq (A neural network)}}$$

$$\mathcal{L}(\theta) = \sum_{(d,q,a) \in \mathcal{D}} -\log Pr(a|d,q) \qquad \text{Loss}$$

$$\hat{\theta} = \arg\min_{\theta} \mathcal{L}(\theta)$$

Training

What architectural biases can we build into the model?

Architectural Bias

Designing the connectivity pattern of a Neural Network to reflect the nature of the problem being solved.

- CNNs, RNNs have architectural biases towards images / sequences
- For reading comprehension what biases can we build to reflect linguistic phenomena?
 - Alignment, Paraphrasing, Aggregation (Part 1)
 - Coreference, Syntactic and Semantic
 Dependencies
 (Part 2)

Document:

"...arrested Illinois governor **Rod Blagojevich** and his chief of staff John Harris on corruption charges ... included **Blogojevich** allegedly conspiring to sell or trade the senate seat left vacant by President-elect Barack Obama.."

Query:

'President-elect Barack Obama said Tuesday he was not aware of alleged corruption by X who was arrested on charges of trying to sell Obama's senate seat."

Find X.

Alignment

Document:

"...arrested Illinois governor **Rod Blagojevich** and his chief of staff John Harris on corruption charges ... included **Blogojevich** allegedly conspiring to sell or trade the senate seat left vacant by President-elect Barack Obama."

Query:

"President-elect Barack Obama said Tuesday he was not aware of alleged corruption by X who was arrested on charges of trying to sell Obama's senate seat."

Find X.

Alignment

Paraphrasing

Document:

"...arrested Illinois governor **Rod Blagojevich** and his chief of staff John Harris on corruption charges ... included **Blogojevich** allegedly conspiring to sell or trade the senate seat left vacant by President-elect Barack Obama..."

Query:

"President-elect Barack Obama said Tuesday he was not aware of alleged corruption by **X** who was arrested on charges of trying to sell Obama's senate seat."

Find X.

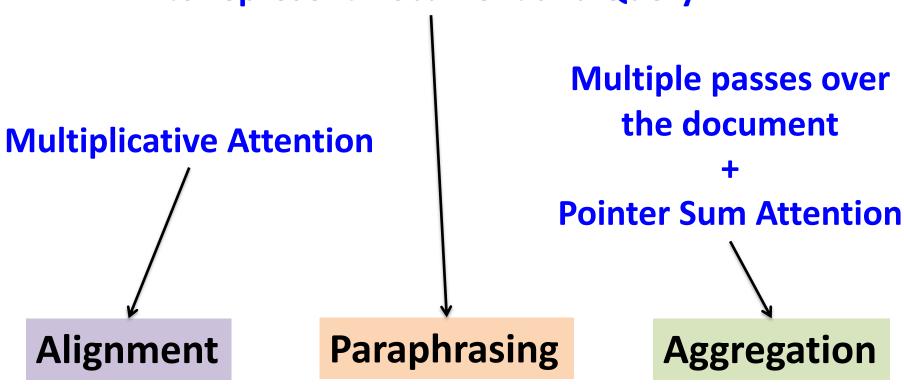
Alignment

Paraphrasing

Aggregation

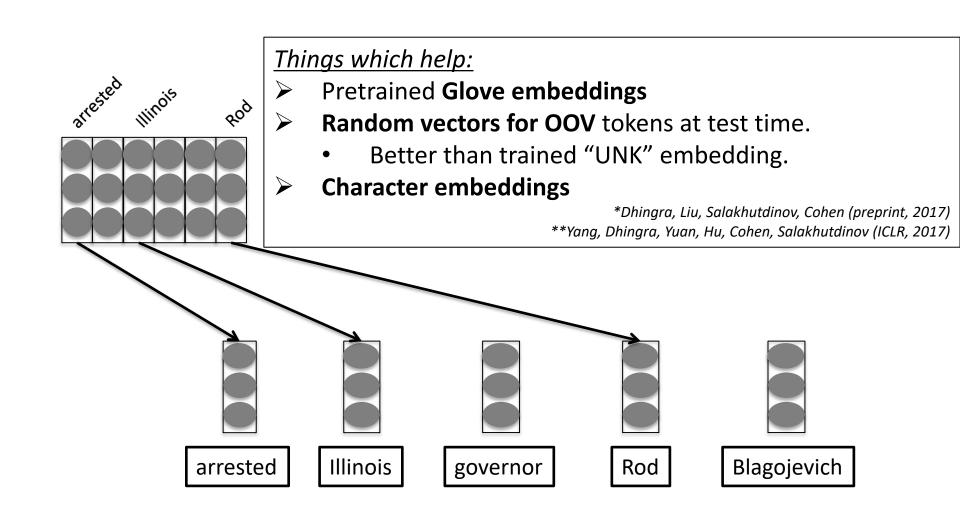
Biases

Word Vectors + RNNs to represent Document and Query



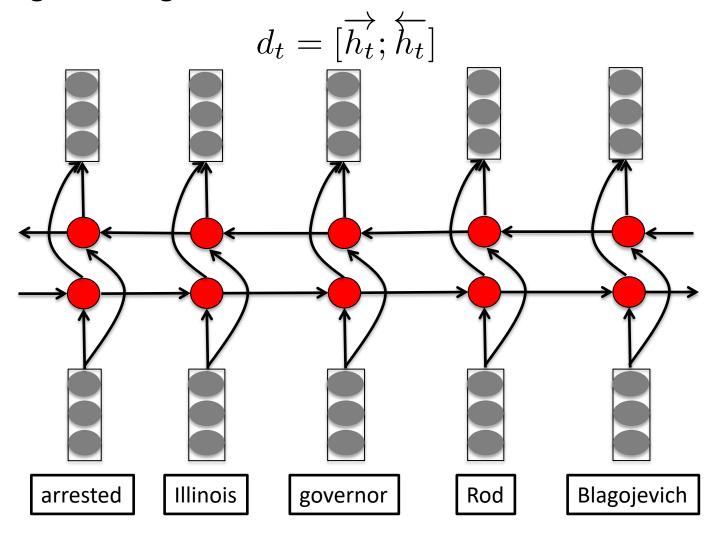
Representing Document / Query

As compositions of word vectors



Representing Document / Query

 Bidirectional Gated Recurrent Units process the tokens from left to right and right to left



Representing Document / Query

Both document and query are represented as matrices

$$D \in \mathbb{R}^{2h \times |D|}$$

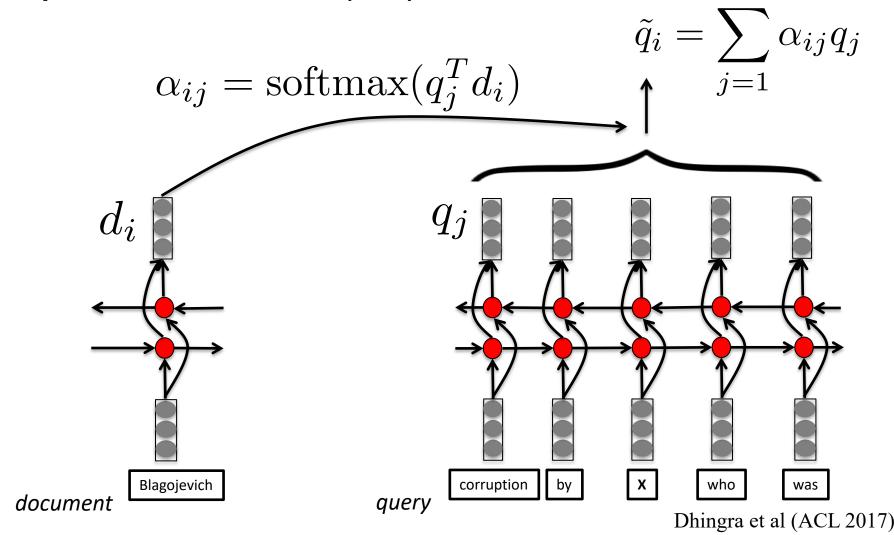
$$Q \in \mathbb{R}^{2h \times |Q|}$$

$$Q \in \mathbb{R}^{2h \times |Q|}$$

h – State size of each GRU

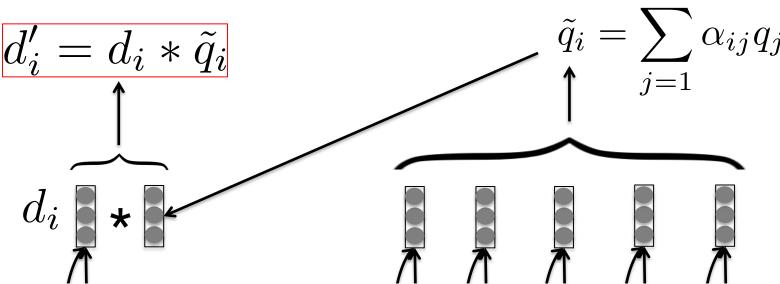
Gated Attention Mechanism

 For each token in D, we form a token specific representation of the query



Gated Attention Mechanism

Use element-wise multiplication to gate the interaction between document tokens and query

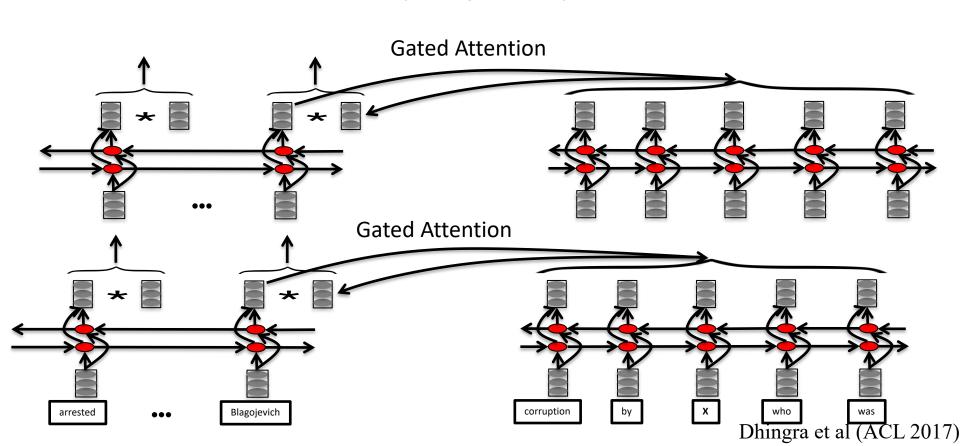


- 1. Find features in the query which match the contextual representation of the document
- 2. Gate the document representation by multiplying with these features

Multi Hop Architecture

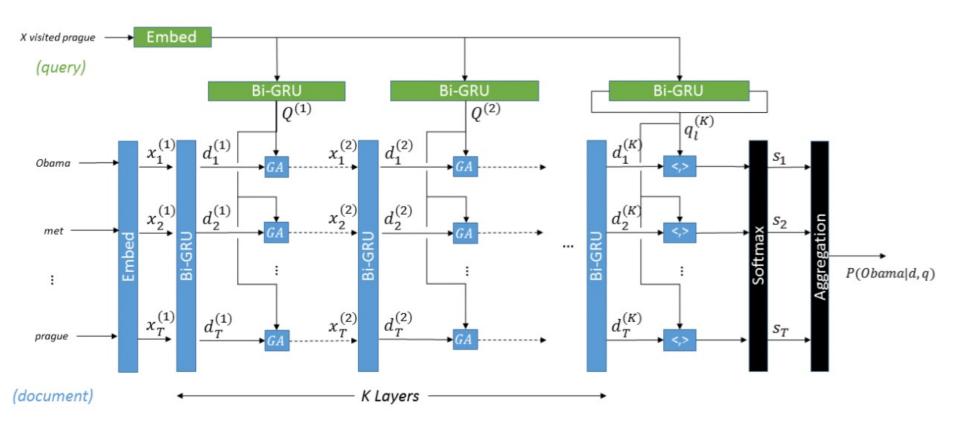
- Perform several passes over the document
 - Allow model to combine evidence from multiple sentences

Repeat for K layers



Multi-hop Architecture

- Perform several passes over the document
 - Allow model to combine evidence from multiple sentences



Output Model

- Probability that a particular token in the document answers the query:
 - Take an **inner product** between the query embedding and the output of the last layer:

$$s_i = \frac{\exp(\langle q^{(K)}, d_i^{(K)} \rangle)}{\sum_{i'} \exp(\langle q^{(K)}, d_{i'}^{(K)} \rangle)}, \quad i = 1, \dots, |D|$$

• The probability of a particular candidate $c \in \mathcal{A}$ is then aggregated over all document tokens which appear in c:

$$P(c|d,q) \propto \sum_{i \in \mathbb{I}(c,d)} s_i$$

set of positions where a token in c appears in the document d.

Output Model

• The probability of a particular candidate $c \in \mathcal{A}$ is then aggregated over all document tokens which appear in c:

$$P(c|d,q) \propto \sum_{i \in \mathbb{I}(c,d)} s_i$$

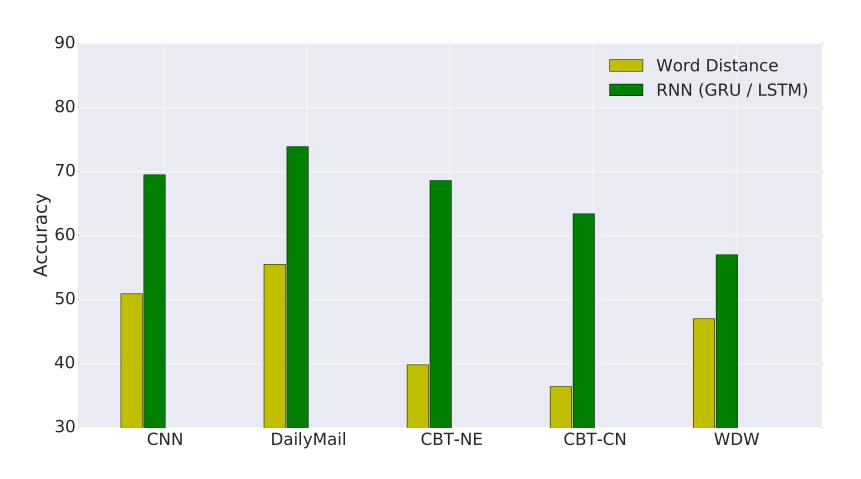
• The candidate with **maximum probability** is selected as the predicted answer:

$$a^* = \operatorname{argmax}_{c \in \mathcal{C}} P(c|d, q)$$

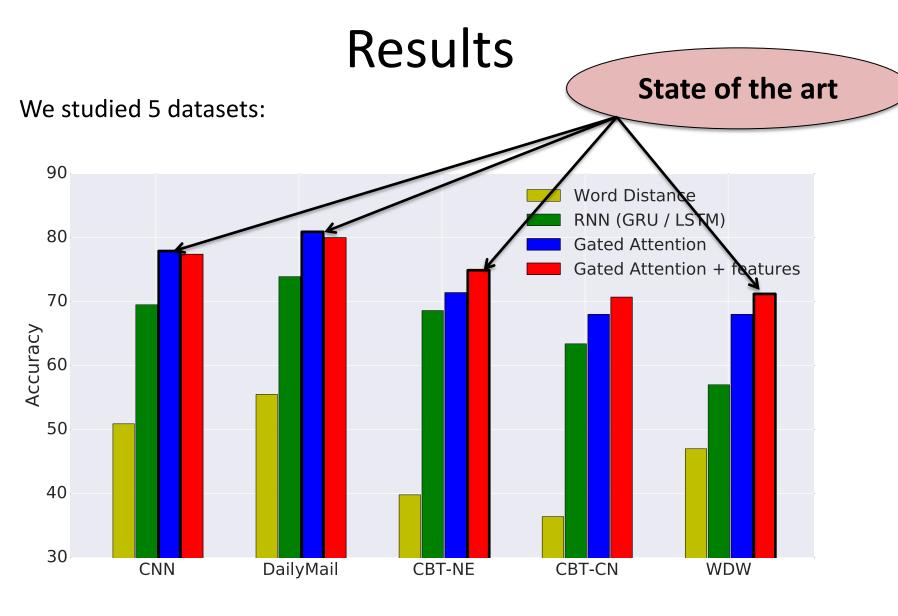
 Use cross-entropy loss between the predicted probabilities and the true answers.

Results

We studied 5 datasets:



Datasets



Datasets

Model	CNN		Daily Mail		CBT-NE		CBT-CN	
	Val	Test	Val	Test	Val	Test	Val	Test
Humans (query) †	-	_	-	_	-	52.0	-	64.4
Humans (context + query) †	_	-	-	-	-	81.6	_	81.6
LSTMs (context + query) †	_	-	-	-	51.2	41.8	62.6	56.0
Deep LSTM Reader †	55.0	57.0	63.3	62.2	-	_	-	_
Attentive Reader †	61.6	63.0	70.5	69.0	-	_	-	_
Impatient Reader †	61.8	63.8	69.0	68.0	-	_	_	_
MemNets †	63.4	66.8	-	_	70.4	66.6	64.2	63.0
AS Reader †	68.6	69.5	75.0	73.9	73.8	68.6	68.8	63.4
DER Network †	71.3	72.9	-	_	-	_	_	_
Stanford AR (relabeling) †	73.8	73.6	77.6	76.6	_	_	_	_
Iterative Attentive Reader †	72.6	73.3	-	_	75.2	68.6	72.1	69.2
EpiReader †	73.4	74.0	_	_	75.3	69.7	71.5	67.4
AoA Reader †	73.1	74.4	-	_	77.8	72.0	72.2	69.4
ReasoNet †	72.9	74.7	77.6	76.6	_	_	_	_
NSE †	_	-	-	-	78.2	73.2	74.3	71.9
MemNets (ensemble) †	66.2	69.4	-	_	-	_	l –	_
AS Reader (ensemble) †	73.9	75.4	78.7	77.7	76.2	71.0	71.1	68.9
Stanford AR (relabeling, ensemble) †	77.2	77.6	80.2	79.2	-	_	_	_
Iterative Attentive Reader (ensemble) †	75.2	76.1	-	_	76.9	72.0	74.1	71.0
EpiReader (ensemble) †	_	-	-	-	76.6	71.8	73.6	70.6
AS Reader (+BookTest) † ‡	l –	_	l –	_	80.5	76.2	83.2	80.8
AS Reader (+BookTest,ensemble) † ‡	_	-	_	_	82.3	78.4	85.7	83.7
GA	73.0	73.8	76.7	75.7	74.9	69.0	69.0	63.9
GA (update $L(w)$)	77.9	77.9	81.5	80.9	76.7	70.1	69.8	67.3
GA(fix L(w))	77.9	77.8	80.4	79.6	77.2	71.4	71.6	68.0
GA Reader (+feature, update $L(w)$)	77.3	76.9	80.7	80.0	77.2	73.3	73.0	69.8
GA Reader (+feature, fix $L(w)$)	76.7	77.4	80.0	79.3	78.5	74.9	74.4	70.7

Analysis of Attention

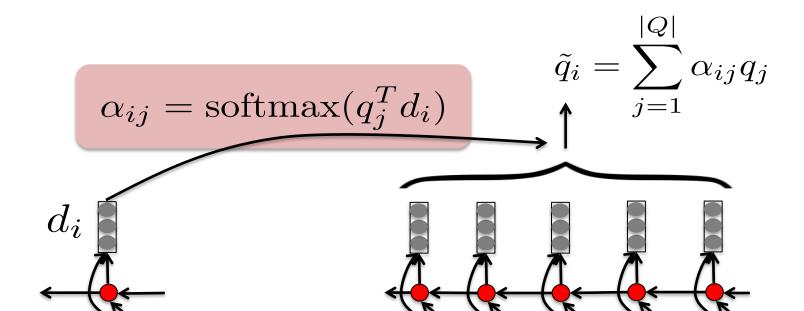
Document:

"...arrested Illinois governor **Rod Blagojevich** and his chief of staff John Harris on corruption charges ... included **Blogojevich** allegedly conspiring to sell or trade the senate seat left vacant by President-elect Barack Obama..."

Query:

"President-elect Barack Obama said Tuesday he was not aware of alleged corruption by **X** who was arrested on charges of trying to sell Obama's senate seat."

Find **X**.



Analysis of Attention

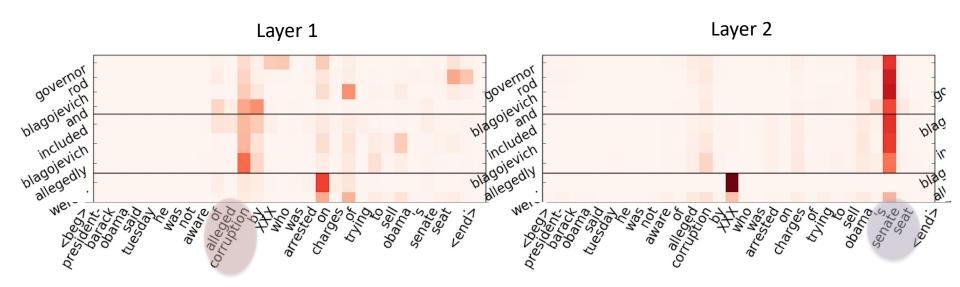
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Query:

"President-elect Barack Obama said Tuesday he was not aware of alleged corruption by **X** who was arrested on charges of trying to sell Obama's senate seat."

Find **X**.



Summary so far

Multiplicative attention for document and query alignment

 Multiple layers allow model to focus on different salient aspects of the query

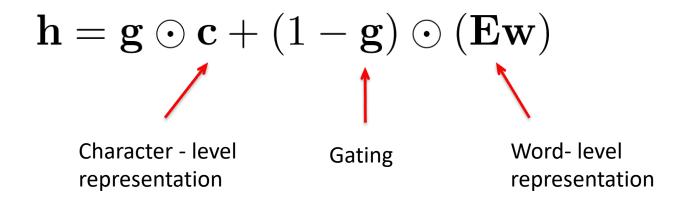
Code + Data: https://github.com/bdhingra/ga-reader

Words vs. Characters

- Word-level representations are good at learning the semantics of the tokens
- Character-level representations are more suitable for modeling sub-word morphologies ("cat" vs. "cats")
 - Word-level representations are obtained from a learned lookup table
 - Character-level representations are usually obtained by applying RNN or CNN
- Hybrid word-character models have been shown to be successful in various NLP tasks (Yang et al., 2016a, Miyamoto & Cho (2016), Ling et al., 2015)
- Commonly used method is to concatenate these two representations

Fine-Grained Gating

• Fine-grained gating mechanism:



$$\mathbf{g} = \sigma(\mathbf{W}_g \mathbf{v} + \mathbf{b}_g)$$

Additional features: named entity tags, part- ofspeech tags, document frequency vectors, word look-up representations

Children's Book Test (CBC) Dataset

Model	CN dev	CN test	NE dev	NE test
GA word char concat	0.731	0.696	0.768	0.725
GA word char feat concat	0.7250	0.6928	0.7815	0.7256
GA scalar gate	0.7240	0.6908	0.7810	0.7260
GA fine-grained gate	0.7425	0.7084	0.7890	0.7464
FG fine-grained gate	0.7530	0.7204	0.7910	0.7496
Sordoni et al. (2016)	0.721	0.692	0.752	0.686
Trischler et al. (2016)	0.715	0.674	0.753	0.697
Cui et al. (2016)	0.722	0.694	0.778	0.720
Munkhdalai & Yu (2016)	0.743	0.719	0.782	0.732
Kadlec et al. (2016) ensemble	0.711	0.689	0.762	0.710
Sordoni et al. (2016) ensemble	0.741	0.710	0.769	0.720
Trischler et al. (2016) ensemble	0.736	0.706	0.766	0.718

Words vs. Characters

- High gate values: character-level representations
- Low gate values: word-level representations.

Gate values	Word tokens
Lowest	or but But These these However however among Among that when When although Although because Because until many Many than though Though this This Since since date where Where have That and And Such such number so which by By how before Before with With between Between even Even if
Highest	Sweetgum Untersee Jianlong Floresta Chlorella Obersee PhT Doctorin Jumonville WFTS WTSP Boven Pharm Nederrijn Otrar Rhin Magicicada WBKB Tanzler KMBC WPLG Mainau Merwede RMJM Kleitman Scheur Bodensee Kromme Horenbout Vorderrhein Chlamydomonas Scantlebury Oingshui Funchess

Talk Roadmap

Multiplicative and Fine-grained Attention

 Linguistic Knowledge as Explicit Memory for RNNs

Generative Domain-Adaptive Nets

Broad-Context Language Modeling

Her plain face broke into a huge smile when she saw Terry.

"Terry!" she called out.

She rushed to meet him and they embraced.

"Hon, I want you to meet an old friend, Owen McKenna.

Owen, please meet Emily."

She gave me a quick nod and turned back to X

Task: Find X.

(X can be any word in the vocabulary)

Passages are filtered such that humans can correctly answer when given the whole context but not when given only the last sentence.

Broad-Context Language Modeling (recast as Reading Comprehension)

Document:

Her plain face broke into a huge smile when she saw Terry.

"Terry!" she called out.

She rushed to meet him and they embraced.

"Hon, I want you to meet an old friend, Owen McKenna.

Owen, please meet Emily."

Query:

She gave me a quick nod and turned back to X

Find X.

(Now **X** is assumed to be in the document)

Reading Comprehension approaches perform best on this task

Document:

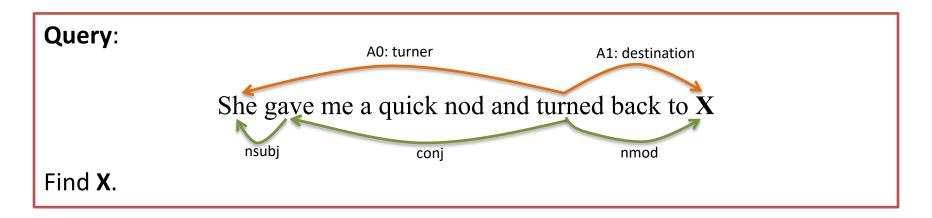
Her plain face broke into a huge smile when she saw Terry.

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Syntactic Dependency

Semantic Dependency

Document:

Her plain face broke into a huge smile when she saw Terry.

"Terry!" she called out.

She rushed to meet him and they embraced.

"Hon, I want you to meet an old friend, Owen McKenna.

Owen, please meet Emily."

Query:

She gave me a quick nod and turned back to X

X = Terry

Find X.

Syntactic Dependency

Semantic Dependency

Coreference

Architectural Bias

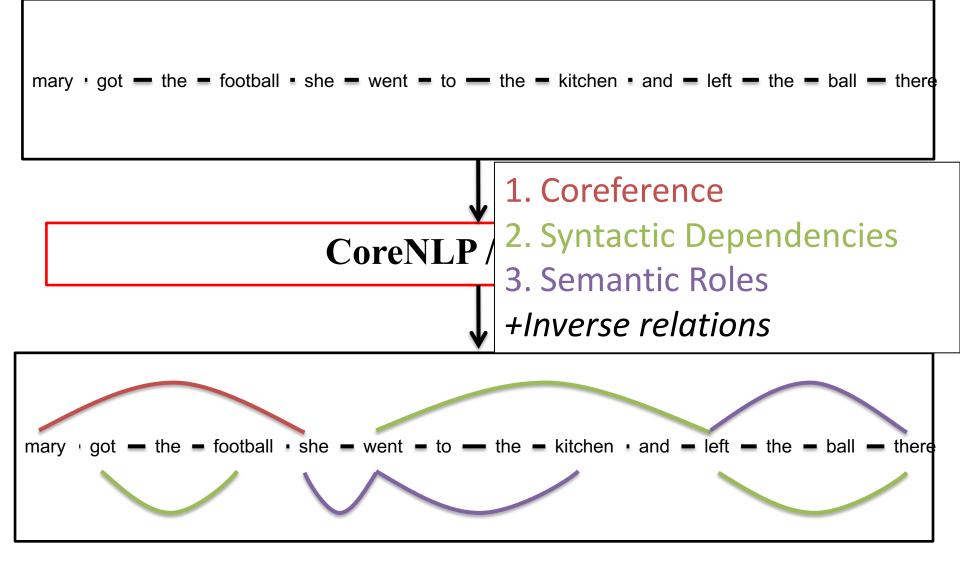
- 1. Dependent / Coreferent mentions may be far apart in the document
 - RNNs (including GRU / LSTM) tend to "forget" longterm interactions

Use **memory-augmented** architecture.

- 2. Off-the-shelf NLP tools available which extract these dependencies
 - Example: Stanford CoreNLP

Use **linguistic annotations** to guide memory propagation in the network.

Linguistic Knowledge



Representing Document / Query

Both document and query are represented as matrices

$$D \in \mathbb{R}^{2h \times |D|}$$

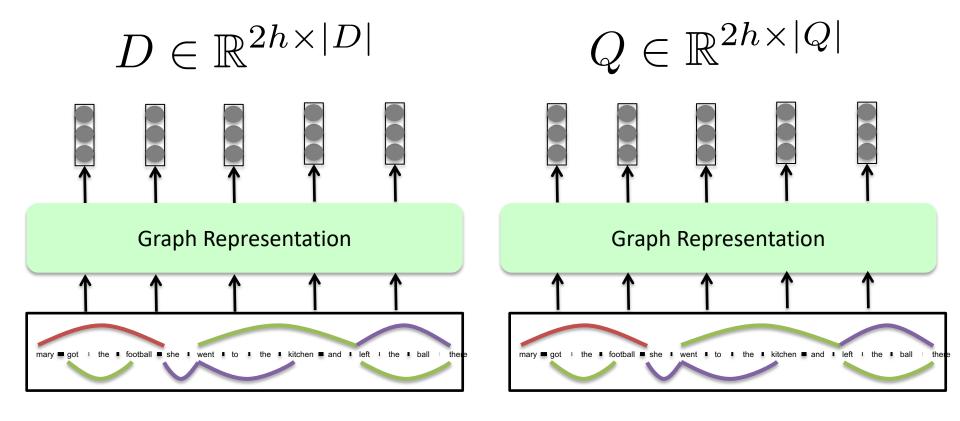
$$Q \in \mathbb{R}^{2h \times |Q|}$$

$$Q \in \mathbb{R}^{2h \times |Q|}$$

h – State size of each GRU

Representing Document / Query **Graphs**

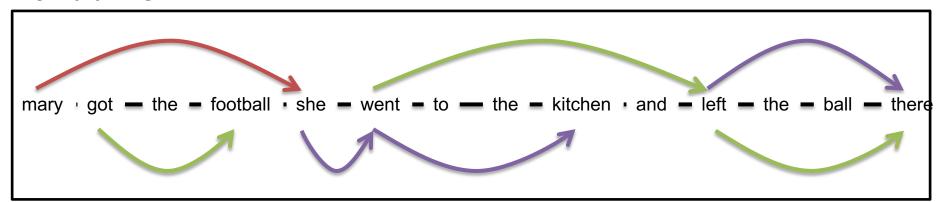
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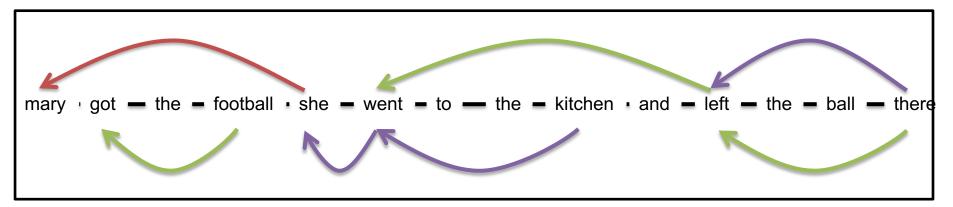
Forward / Backward DAGs

Topological order given by the sequence itself

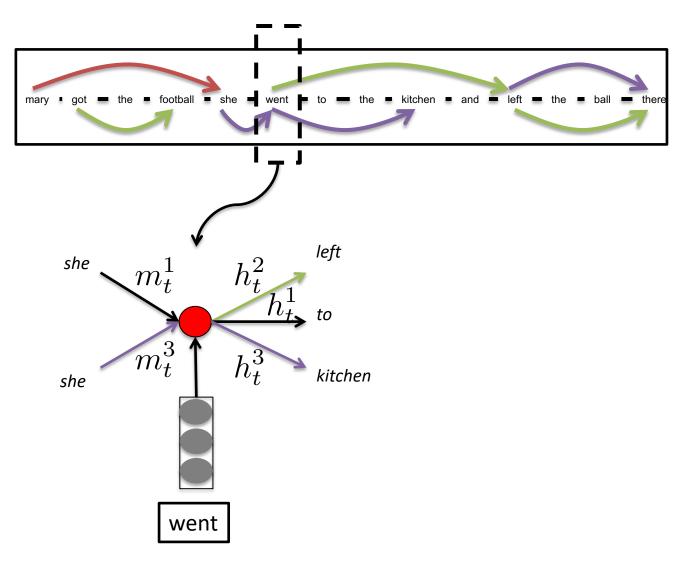
Forward DAG



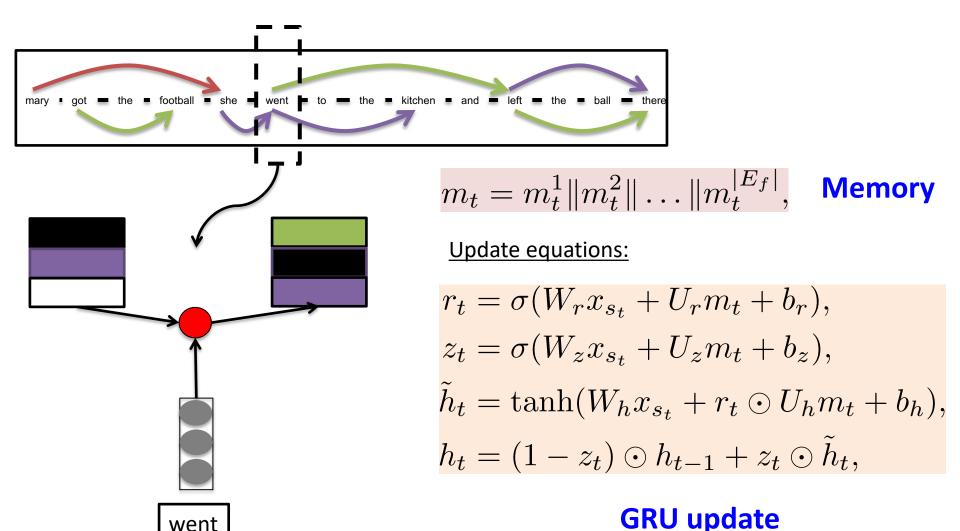
Backward DAG



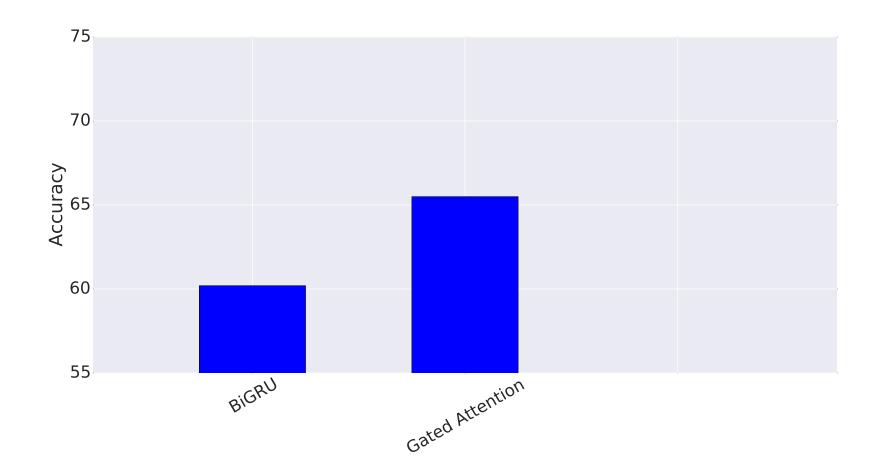
Memory as Acyclic Graph Encoding (MAGE) RNN



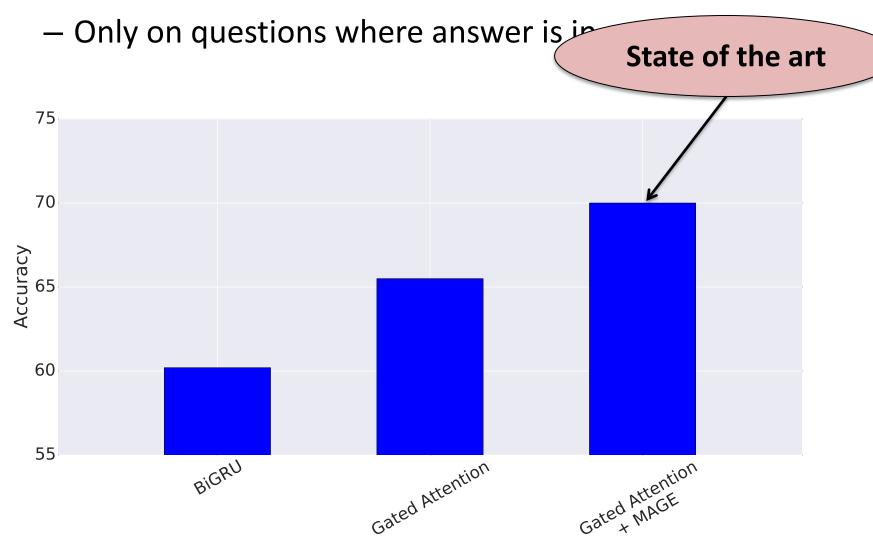
Memory as Acyclic Graph Encoding (MAGE) RNN



- LAMBADA dataset
 - Only on questions where answer is in context



LAMBADA dataset



- Facebook bAbI dataset
 - Task 3 (1000 training examples)

Document:

mary travelled to the kitchen . daniel got the milk . he went to the kitchen . john picked up the apple . mary went to the hallway . john moved to the bedroom . sandra journeyed to the kitchen . daniel went back to the bedroom . john went to the office . daniel put down the milk . he picked up the milk . sandra went to the bedroom . john dropped the apple . mary went back to the bathroom .

Query:

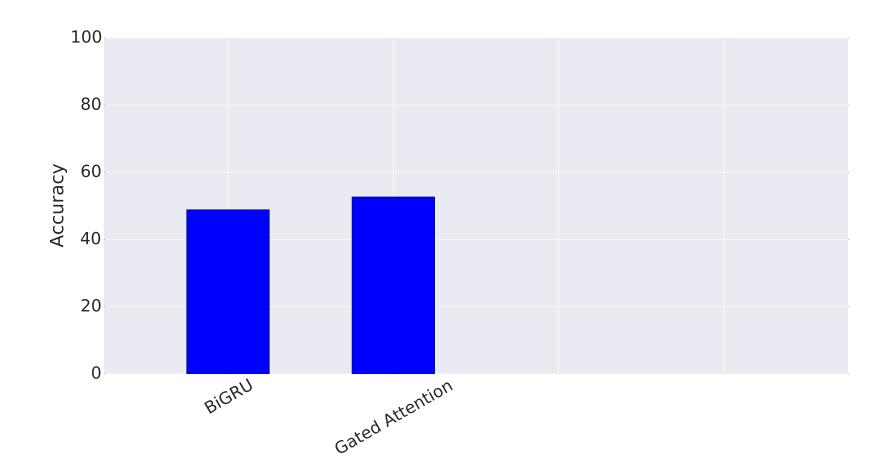
where was the apple before the office?

Answer:

bedroom

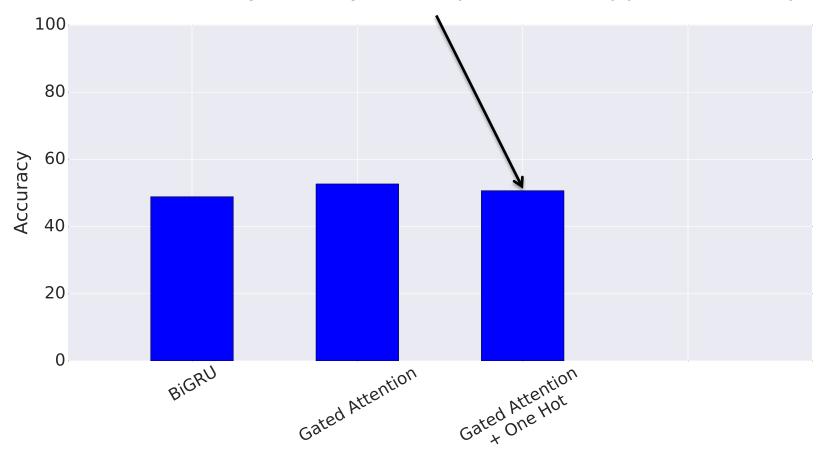
Only coreference annotations extracted for this dataset

- Facebook bAbI dataset
 - Task 3

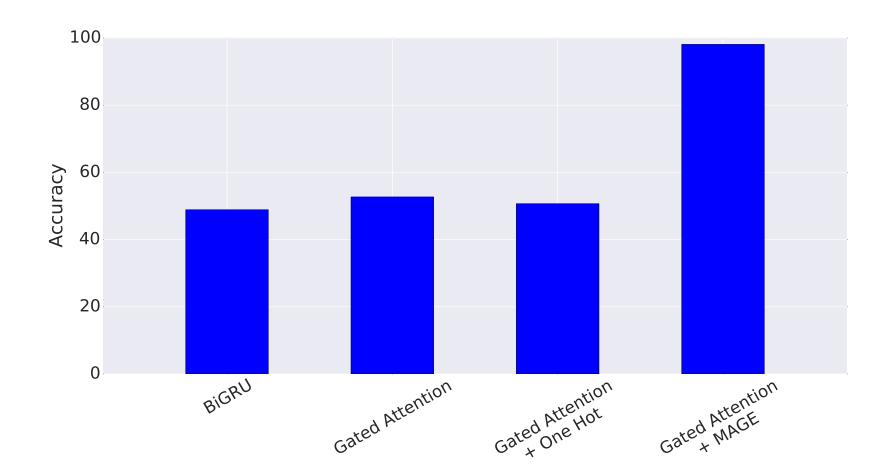


- Facebook bAbI dataset
 - Task 3

One hot indicator feature for entity mention appended to input



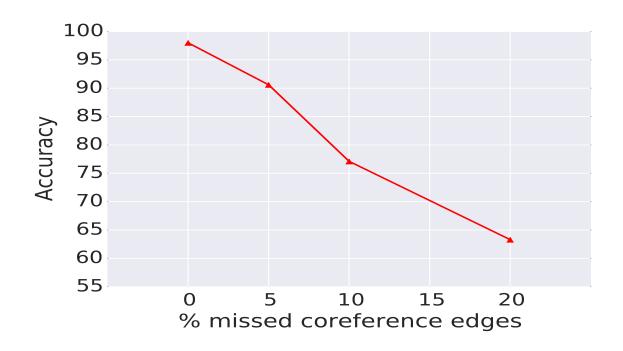
- Facebook bAbI dataset
 - Task 3



Summary so far

- Linguistic annotations can help guide memory propagation in RNNs
 - Better modeling of long term dependencies

Annotator Noise



- Performance drops sharply with added noise in linguistic annotations
- Can we jointly train annotation and reading comprehension models?
 - Can we learn task-specific knowledge?

"Common" Sense?

Document:

"Eurythmics were a British music duo consisting of members **Annie Lennox** and David A. Stewart"

Query:

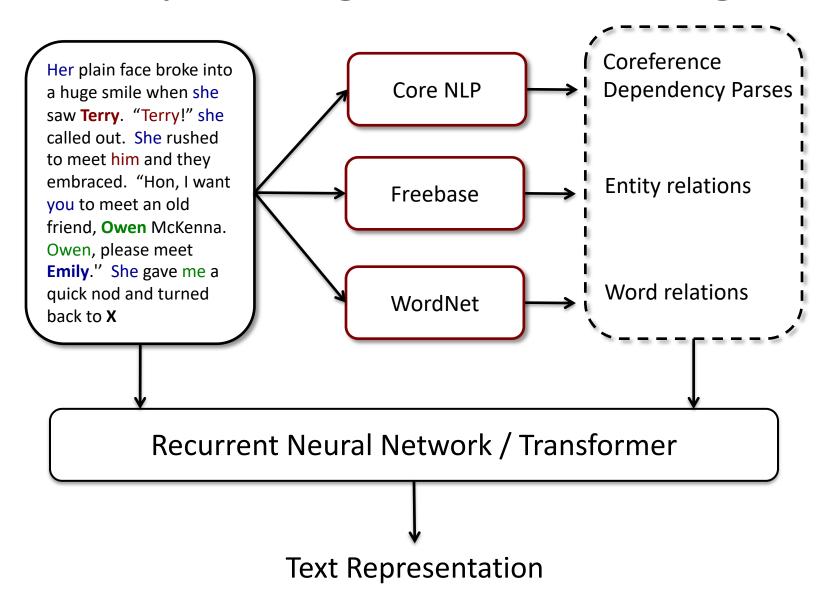
"Who was the female member of the 1980's pop music duo Eurythmics?"

Answer:

Annie Lennox

- Where can we find such knowledge?
- Need more datasets for testing this aspect too.

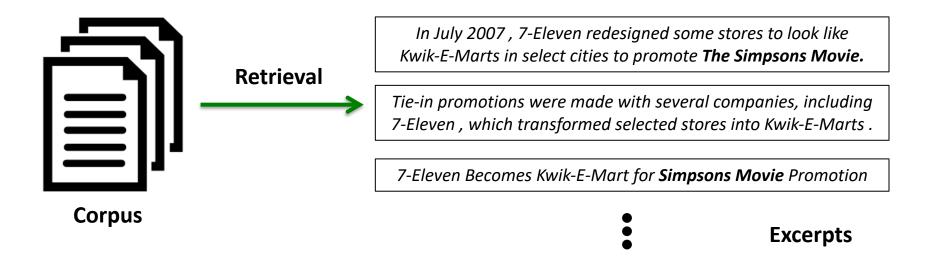
Incorporating Prior Knowledge



Search-and-Read for open domain QA

- RC assumes passage containing answer is already known
- For real QA we need to search for the passage as well

7-Eleven stores were temporarily converted into Kwik E-marts to promote the release of what movie?



Thank you